

Semi-Weekly Bourbon News.

Independent and Democratic—Published from the Happy Side of Life—for the Benefit of Those Now Having Breath in Their Bodies. Price, \$2.00 for One Year, or, \$2,000 for 1,000 Years—CASH!

VOL. II.

PARIS, BOURBON COUNTY, KENTUCKY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1883.

NO. 162.

COME out of that linen duster!
We had two slight frosts last week.
FALMOUTH fair this week, and Maysville next.

"School butter" and "chicken butter" both!

SNOW fell at Argentine Pass, Cal., Thursday evening.

PAW-PAWS have made their appearance in our market.

SAVE your religion and get a hired man to put up your stove pipes.

W. A. JOHNSON and three other sports killed 80 doves Friday afternoon.

THE District Conference of the Methodist Church, begins to-morrow at Cynthiana.

If there's an oyster in this city, the owner ought to let it be known through the papers.

No balloons were sold at our fair last week—the best feature about the whole business.

SEVERAL arrests for gambling and disorderly conduct were made at our fair last week.

WHEN you go to the Latonia races at Covington, Saturday, stop at the Arlington House.

POTATOES are selling in Danville at twenty-three and a half cents per bushel, delivered on the cars.

THERE was not a single arrest made in our city last week, in consequence of the fair going on.

WINCHESTER is to have a fine railroad hotel, which will be built near the "Grand Union Depot."

Two preachers have been fined \$50 each for shooting at a mark in the corporate limits of Midway.

JUDGE TURNER fined Tom Holliday, Jr., \$5 and costs, yesterday, for disorderly conduct at the fair Friday.

HAVEKLY'S Minstrels Wednesday night, and Seeman's exhibition on Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights.

PAT FALLON lost a buggy whip marked with his initials, at the fair. The finder will be liberally thanked.

PUT on your winter under-duds and quit eating watermelon. You cannot make heaven out of this earth all the time!

CAPTAINS Joe Desha and Dan Turney were unintentionally omitted from our published list of attendants at the re-union last week.

JAS. L. BROWN, Deputy Collector for this district, has had Fleming county added to the territory over which he has supervision.

SEE the advertisement of J. T. Hill's farm at public sale, in this issue; also, the sale of E. C. Foster's property in Ruddles Mills to-morrow.

FROST throughout the Ohio valley has excited the Chicago corn market, and the price is going up daily. Hogs and hominy will come high the coming winter.

J. W. FERGUSON, president of the Bourbon County Agricultural Society, entertained several hundred guests in fine style in his private booth during the fair.

WE have been enjoying a great Northwest-ern breeze ever since Saturday morning. Hundreds of dear ducks looked like lumps of ice-cream at the fair Saturday.

SEPTEMBER brings its sorrows as well as its joys. The schools will want to be bragged on free through the papers, but then you know, the mosquitoes will have to leave.

ROCHE & SCHWARTZ came out ahead of the bounds about \$200 on their dining hall and booth investment at the fair grounds. It is hard-earned money, and they truly deserve it.

F. A. BRADLEY, of Cincinnati, has opened a "bucket shop," at the Bourbon House, this city, and will deal in fractional lots, grains and provisions in Chicago, or stocks in New York.

THE Lexington races were never so slimly attended. When the managers find that the Lexington papers do not get out of the city limits, they'll no doubt find the true cause of the failure.

A COLORED man near Lexington got jealous of his rival, and shot him through the key-hole in the door, last week, at Jos. Bryan's farm. The wound is not serious, but he severely broke up the game.

"THE world goes 'round and 'round; whiskey's got me, and I've got whiskey," soliloquized a Carlisle darkey at our fair Saturday, while he appeared to be trying to keep a tree from falling on the grand stand.

IN 1880, there were 31 murders committed in Kentucky. In 1882, there were 98. Up to Aug. 15, this year, there were 109. It only costs about \$50 to kill a man and get clear, therefore the luxury has been profusely indulged in.

THE Bourbon Fair the past week was largely attended. The new amphitheater was filled each day, and the half-mile race track gave general satisfaction. As a financial success it is said to have surpassed the Lexington Fair.—(Lexington Observer.)

IN way of a compliment to the integrity of character of Mr. Sidney P. Clay, Thos. Jones, Sr., who died in this city recently, devised that the County Court should appoint him executor of his estate and guardian for his daughter, Miss Lillie without bond.

T. M. CECIL, of Catlettsburg, denies that his brother, J. G. Cecil, Register of the Land Office, made a bargain with Sheldon and Norvell, as claimed by the latter. Sheldon and Norvell are still holding the land, while Cecil is fixing to bring suit for possession.

ON Thursday as Mr. S. D. Goff of Clark county was driving a lot of fat cattle over a bridge across Elkhorn, in Scott county, the bridge broke and fell in, killing five of the cattle and crippling a number of others. Mr. Goff fortunately escaped without injury.

FALL FISHING will next be in order.
THE roof burned off the kitchen of the old Lowry place in Cottontown yesterday. No alarm.

WM. ISGRIGG's barn burned last night about 1½ miles North of town. Loss, \$1,000, without insurance. Mr. Isgrigg thinks it is the work of an incendiary.

LICENSE were issued about 9 o'clock last night for the marriage of J. H. Maddux to Miss Nannie B. Howerton, daughter of Chas. H. Howerton, deceased, of this city.

A NEW JERSEY man invented a tail-weight—a small iron ball to keep his cow's tail down. It wasn't heavy enough for the purpose, but it broke his jaw all the same.

ROBERT E. LEE, youngest son of the late Confederate General, has declined a Democratic nomination for the Legislature of Virginia, saying that he has no taste for politics.

Mrs. J. E. PATON left for New York city yesterday. While absent she will learn all that is new in art needle work, and will return in about two weeks with the handsomest assortment of fancy goods and notions ever brought to this city.

THE Louisville fair commences next Tuesday, and holds until Saturday. The races commence the 24th, and continue through the week. Falmouth fair commences to-day, and Maysville fair next Tuesday. Latonia races begin Saturday, and the Lexington races are now going on.

THREE hundred mourners for Barnum's circus wiped their weeping eyes and had their money refunded at Midway, because a wreck on the railroad prevented a train from passing to Lexington in time for their performance. Cruel fate got a good cussing on that memorable occasion.

L. C. TITTON, traveling agent for the Dennot Twine Binder, who has been an attendant at our fair for 20 years, and J. H. Robinson, of Seymour, Ind., who has been an attendant for 15 years, say that they got the best dinner at the public dining hall last week than they ever before got on the Bourbon or any other fair grounds. This speaks well for Roche & Schwartz as caterers.

THE flag of the 6th Missouri regiment of Confederate Infantry was on exhibition at the reunion of the Orphan Brigade at Lexington. Color Sergeant Eugene Hull carried it in a charge at Corinth, Miss., where he received nine wounds, and 20 out of 28 commissioned officers, and 22 out of 23 non-commissioned officers were killed or wounded. The flag was pierced with many bullets.

THERE'S big trouble among the colored prostitutes of this city. Scarcely a day passes but what one or more call at this office and inquire for the "Mare's" office, wanting a warrant for the arrest of some scoundrel on the road and shoot. The "Mare" ought to have a big red sign as large as a freight car hung out in front of his office, and save a deal of annoyance at the News office.

ON Sunday night Mr. George M. Welsh met with an accident which resulted in his death. He was visiting his brother, Dr. S. D. Welch, near Hanly, and on the night named went from the house to the barn to feed his horse and on his return to the house he stumbled and fell into a cistern which was being dug, causing concussion of the brain and other internal injuries from which he died Wednesday night.—(Jesseamine Journal.)

A Bourbon Patent Infringed On.
A CLIPPING from the Virginia City (Nevada) Enterprise, in the Cincinnati Enquirer of Saturday, shows that a man named Jim Townsend, of the mining districts of that State, is infringing on patent No. 2278 issued Feb. 20th, of this year, by Mr. Wm. Shaw, of this city, on Shaw's Gravitation Grain-Cleaner and Cooler. The infringement being operated in the crushing mills of the mines are run by the sand operation, consisting in buckets and over-shot wheels exactly on the same principle by which Mr. Shaw's is operated by wheat. Mr. Shaw has been written to by some one in California, for one of his circulars that he sends out, and it is supposed he too, wants to get up an infringement. Mr. Shaw will at once demand a royalty on all machinery operated on the gravitation principle, unless special rights are secured from him.

"White Man Mighty Uncertain—Negro More So."
ANTHONY THORNTON, an old and respected citizen of this city, is not much in the habit of drinking wine when it is red, but unfortunately took too much at the fair Friday, and was forced to lay up on the roadside for repairs, whilst coming home. A dream awakened him some time after dark—either a dream or a black man, he doesn't know which. At any rate, the black man was there when he awakened, and he handed him his pocket-book in confidence, to keep the soldiers from robbing him, as he dreamed they would. The black man did not return the pocket-book and \$25 the next morning, according to promise, and now Mr. Thornton has about as little confidence in a black man as a dream, or a dream as a black man.

Forty-Sixth Bourbon Fair.
THE 46th meeting of the Bourbon County Agricultural Society was a success in every particular but one—that of furnishing colors for the participants in the races. This was a terrible oversight, and one that should not be overlooked at the next meeting. One half of the interest in a horse race is to know one horse from another, the owner, &c. It's just like seeing an unusually pretty lady; everybody wants to know her name, pedigree, and amount she is worth.

The financial receipts this year exceeds those of last year by \$2,000, while the attendance was in much greater proportions, considering the receipts were cut down by a non-requirement of entrance fees.

There is no doubt but the racing was a drawing and interesting feature of the fair, which makes it not only more desirable one in point of pleasure, but in finances also.

By next exhibition, the feral hall will be moved from its present site and newly erected, colors will be furnished in the trots, and then not an objection can be urged.

SCINTILLATIONS.
—What Paris boy was it who left his pants at Millersburg?
—Mrs. Gen. Williams attended our fair Thursday and Friday.

—Elder John I. Rogers, of Danville, is visiting friends in this city.

—Miss Maggie Scott has been employed as teacher at the Jos. Honey school house.

—Messrs. B. L. Valve, O. Y. Ster and J. Frost have arrived here to spend several months.

—Mrs. Phil. Thompson, Jr., has been visiting Lexington in company with Mrs. Judge Hardin, of Harrodsburg.

—Mary Anderson has refused to be introduced to the Prince of Wales. She doesn't like his style like the fair Lily did.

—School girls are moving out, coming in and passing through on alltrains. It's nothing but chew, chew, chew, chew!

—James Stewart, clerk for Ottwell & Wilson, will leave Thursday for Wheeling, W. Va., to go into the wholesale drug business.

—Miss Sicily Pryor has returned home from Ohio, after a visit to friends for some weeks, accompanied by Chas. Jackson, of Xenia, Ohio.

—Six dead mules—four from this county, one from Carlisle, and one from Richmond, had quite a little picnic to themselves at our fair Saturday.

—Mrs. Monk and sister, Miss Moses, of Louisville, and Mrs. Bryant, of Lexington, were the guests of Mrs. Nat Rogers, last week, and attended the fair.

—Miss Lillie Seudder and three other young ladies from Fleming county, passed through here en route for Bellwood Seminary, at Anchorage, to attend school.

—Mr. S. M. McGehee and family, of Double Wells, Ark., attended our fair Friday and Saturday, and were delighted with our Kentucky way of doing things generally.

—A new version of "East Lynne" has been written for Mrs. Chaffman. It makes the heroine older and stouter in the first act, and contains a plot of tears more than the old play.

—Hon. Joe Blackburn has taken an iron-clad oath to never go to another circus, since attending Barnum's last week in Louisville. He says that if he could be convinced that the Southwestern corner of down yonder is any hotter, he'd break into a meeting house at midnight to get religion.

—Dr. David Lyman, of this city, recently sent a marked copy of the *Kentuckyian* to a lady friend at a distance, which was returned to him with instructions to be careful what words he marked in future. He had marked a local notice of a remedy for kidney and liver disease instead of a personal notice regarding his trip to Philadelphia.

—Imagine an old she camel chewing her cud, and you have a correct picture of the dissatisfied married woman and the frisky widow who chews gum. The little senseless dudnies who chew it looks like the little senseless she camels chewing their cuds. If any of our subscribers do not like this notice, they can plead guilty to the charge and stop their papers.

—Miss Fannie Templeman, from near Moorefield, Nicholas county, who contributed the principal attraction toward the make-up of both single and double turnouts at our fair which took the premiums, wears the enviable honors of being the handsomest lady at our fair. It strikes us very forcibly that if she'll only visit Paris once more, she can contribute largely toward making a very handsome double team that wouldn't be easy to unhitch and remarkably hard to handle. But, since we come to think of it, a Nicholas gentleman of sterling worth, has a prior claim on her.

Who's Got the other Pistol?
THE Hon. Joe Blackburn paid us a social call Saturday night, and the News was highly entertained with an hours draft on his fund of general knowledge and glib conversation on all topics. In speaking of the general good feeling between the ex-soldiers of the North and South, the return of trophies captured in war, &c., he related a little incident in which he was himself a participant coincidental with quite a number of other rare instances which have but recently been consumed in way of returning rare relics. In 1861, while he was making his way South to enter the Confederate service, he was captured by the Federal troops at Elizabethtown, and a very fine pair of Irish dueling pistols which had been handed down to him as a heir-loom, were taken from him. Eight years later, when peace had spread her silvery wings over the land and the bloody chasm still stood fresh yawning, he was attorney in a civil suit for a client at Danville, and his business called him into the office of Col. Faulkner, formerly commander of a Federal regiment, who, on opening a drawer of his desk, revealed to the eye of Blackburn the butt of a fine pistol, which his practiced eye at once discovered as his. He remarked at once that it was his, and proceeded to minutely describe it in detail regarding many points, even giving the manufacturer's name. Col. Faulkner told him that he had described it to a dot, and acknowledged that it must certainly be his (Blackburn's), but said nothing about giving it up, and Blackburn conceded that it was Faulkner's by all the rights of war, and made no further claim than its recognition. Last week, in Louisville, when the gallant congressman had mopped off his massive brow the four-hundredth time, and had just finished taking an oath before his wife and little "Dot" to never attend Barnum's or any other circus in his life, he left wife and daughter for a moment and dropped into the Cotton Exchange to "see a man," when Col. Faulkner proceeded to lock the door, go to his valise, produced the long-lost pistol and presented the butt end of it to his extended and welcome hand. Col. Faulkner explained that he had bought it during the war at a pawn-broker's office in Cincinnati, where some unknown private soldier had pawned it for two dollars. This statement was no doubt true, to the mind of Capt. Blackburn, for to his positive knowledge Col. Faulkner commanded a different regiment from that which captured himself and pistols, and was not at Elizabethtown at that time.

The mate to the rare relic is still at large, but we hope that this incident may be the means of it's being returned to it's proper owner.

The Trader, Turfman, Farmer and Sportsman.
During the fair, \$1,600 worth of pools were sold on the races, by the Paris pool syndicate.

The Winchester Sun names four men of that place, who killed 270 doves in four hours.

—Emmett Fitzgerald, the jockey, has gone to the Falmouth fair to engage in the pool-selling business.

For SALE.—Finest saddle and harness horse in the county. Address, Jas. N. Stone Little Rock, Ky.

The Lorillard Champion Stallion Stake, worth over \$20,000 to the winner, will be run September 29th, at Louisville.

R. Gentry, of Boyle county, threshed 600 bushels of barley from 13 acres—a fraction of over 46 bushels to the acre.

At the fair Saturday, Reville won the Free For All, Pattle May the Pacing Race, and Skinner's gray mite the running race.

Gus. Shropshire has sold to Maj. McDowell, for another party, his fine saddle horse that took the premium at the fair. Price \$1,500.

The Peck farm of 186 acres on the Harrodsburg pike near Lexington, sold last week to Claude Higgins, for \$117.55 per acre.

Pool-selling was a big success at this place last week. Over 1,500 pools were sold during the week—the pools ranging from \$10 to \$25 each.

Jack Hook and Cyclone will not follow the circuit to Falmouth this week, but will watch on at Maysville. Jeff Elgin will show Bob Terrill at Falmouth, though.

The largest cow in America, it is believed, belongs to John Pratt, of Chase County, Kansas. It is three years old, twenty-two hands high, and weighs 3,200 pounds.

Eole, Freddy Gebhardt's race-horse, will be sent to England to take part in the Cesarewitch and Cambridgehire handicaps, in both of which events he has been entered by cable.

"Jug" West, Gen. Buford's old race-rider, and of late years Harper's favorite rider, died recently at Midway. He rode Equiper, McWhirter, Ten Frack, Longfellow, Neely Hale and other winners.

The cattle murrain is prevailing at Guthrie, Ky., and slowly spreading to the surrounding country. Fifty head of cattle have died. It is thought the disease was introduced by some Alabama cattle.

The Lexington races Friday resulted: Mile dash, Lizzie S., first; Liatanah, second; Belle of the Highlands, third—time, 1:35. One and one-half miles, Viley Stakes: Violator, first; Obermeyer, second; Queen Ban, third—time, 2:41. Three-quarters of a mile, Filly Stakes: Eva S., first; Highflier, second—time, 1:17½.

The horse Reville, that beat Cyclone Friday, derived its name from the French word "reville," to awaken—to get up. It is the army phrase for turning out for roll-call in the morning. The accent should be placed on the last syllable, as revil-le. Hundreds pronounced it "Reville" last week, while many pronounced it "Re-ville."

The offerings in the Cincinnati tobacco market were very light last week, and mostly low grades were offered. Full prices were obtained on all grades—particularly the low. The Globe Warehouse sold 297 hogsheads, the low grades bringing from 5 to 14, the high grades from 20 to 24. The early frosts will no doubt excite the market this week and unsettle things very much.

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W. H. H. JOHNSON, Prop'r. W. B. CONWAY, Clerk. JOHN J. LONG, Prop'r. JOHN J. LONG, Clerk.
JOHNSON HOUSE,
MILLERSBURG, KY.

One square from the depot. Good Livery Stable Attached. The kindest attention given and guests made comfortable.

Good Sample Rooms. A table filled with all the delicacies of the season.

RATES REASONABLE.

WM. KENNEY, M. D.,
—PRACTITIONER OF—
MEDICINE & SURGERY,

May be found during the day, when not professionally engaged, at Brooks & Lyman's Drug Store, at night, at the residence of Prof. E. Amende, on High st.

CHRIS. GROSCHKE,
BAKER & CONFECTIONER.

DEALER IN
Fruits, Cakes, Fancy
Goods, Cigars and
Tobacco, &c.

FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY.

One door above the Thurston House

NEW DRUG STORE.

Dr. H. B. DAVIS,
formerly with Davis & Lyle, respectfully informs the public that he can be found on door above the post-office, where he has a new and complete stock of drugs—in fact, everything in the drug line as new, bright, and selling as a silver dollar.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours, from the purest drugs.

The purest and oldest liquors for medicinal purposes only, and the finest cigars and tobacco on the market, kept constantly on hand.

A liberal share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.

S. B. EWALT,
LIVERY SALE AND COMMIS-
SION STABLE,

High Street, Paris Kentucky.

Will break colts to best advantage. Horses bought and sold on a small margin, and boarded on as good terms as any other stables in Paris.

GEO. W. DAVIS,
—DEALER IN—
FURNITURE.

Window Shades, Carpets, Oil
Cloths, Mattresses, &c.,

Special Attention Given to
Undertaking and Repairing.

Main Street, Paris, Ky.

'KIMMY' KIMBROUGH, JAS. S. HUFF
KIMBROUGH HOUSE,
CARLISLE, KY.

KIMBROUGH & HUFF, Prop'rs.

Large and Commodious Sample Room: on first floor for commercial men. Baggage transferred to and from the depot free of charge.

T. V. HALL,
ARCHITECT
—AND—
MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

[formerly of Cincinnati.]
MILLERSBURG, KY.

Designs, Drawings and Specifications including costs on all Architecture and Machinery, furnished accurately and promptly.

R. M. KENNEY,
SURVEYOR,
PARIS, KY.

Will attend to all calls in his line, in Bourbon and surrounding counties, with promptness. Charges Reasonable.

H. E. BOSWELL. W. H. BOSWELL.
ASHLAND HOUSE,
LEXINGTON, KY.

H. E. BOSWELL & SON, Prop'rs.

Centrally located, on Short street, near the Post-office. Rates, \$2 per day.

Walnut and Cherry Logs.

Will pay cash for logs ten, twelve and fourteen feet long. Must be straight and clear of bad defects, and not less than eighteen inches in diameter.

apr. 6-6m J. M. THOMAS.

HENRY DAUM,
Fashionable Barber

Opp. Old Fiddler's Bank, Pa. & Ky.

PURNELL HOUSE,
MILLERSBURG, KY.

Rates, Two Dollars Per Day.

Nice Sample Rooms for Commercial men.

[Livery and Sale Stable Connected]

FIRE INSURANCE!

J. M. JONES,
—AGENT FOR—

LARGEST COMPANIES
IN THE WORLD!

Losses Promptly Paid.

Rates as Low as The Lowest.

"BLUE GRASS ROUTE"

KY. CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

Is the shortest and quickest route to MISSOURI, KANSAS and TEXAS. Tickets to all points North, East and West.

Time Card in Effect July 29th, '83.

TRAINS SOUTH.

Lexington 8:00 am 3:00 pm
Falmouth 8:25 am 3:25 pm
Cynthiana 8:40 am 3:40 pm
Paris 8:55 am 3:55 pm
Winchester 9:10 am 4:10 pm
Lexington 9:25 am 4:25 pm
Falmouth 9:40 am 4:40 pm
Cynthiana 9:55 am 4:55 pm
Paris 10:10 am 5:10 pm
Winchester 10:25 am 5:25 pm
Lexington 10:40 am 5:40 pm

TRAINS NORTH.

Lexington 8:00 am 3:00 pm
Falmouth 8:25 am 3:25 pm
Cynthiana 8:40 am 3:40 pm
Paris 8:55 am 3:55 pm
Winchester 9:10 am 4:10 pm
Lexington 9:25 am 4:25 pm
Falmouth 9:40 am 4:40 pm
Cynthiana 9:55 am 4:55 pm
Paris 10:10 am 5:10 pm
Winchester 10:25 am 5:25 pm
Lexington 10:40 am 5:40 pm

LEXINGTON ACCOMMODATION.

Lexington 11:15 am 6:15 pm
Paris 11:30 am 6:30 pm
Winchester 11:45 am 6:45 pm
Lexington 12:00 pm 6:00 pm

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Arrive at Paris going Northward at 8:15 a.m., arriving at Covington at 6:30 p.m.

Trains going Southward leave Covington at 6:30 p.m., arriving at 8:15 a.m.

Special Rates to EMIGRANTS.

For tickets, rates and information relating to time, connections, &c., call on or address JOHN STUART AGENT, PARIS, KY.

G. W. BENDER, Supt. C. L. BROWN, G. P. & F. A.

JAMES McARDLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Grand Opera Build'g,
CINCINNATI, O.

LAMAR HOUSE,
(GREEN CHEATHAM, Prop'r.)
CARLISLE, KY.

One Square from Railroad Depot—All baggage transferred to and fro, free of charge!

LIVERY STABLE ATTACHED nov14

T. W. POTTS,
Livery, Sale
& Feed Stable,
CARLISLE, KY.

Horses boarded, trained and sold on commission. Livery rigs always kept for public hire. Terms reasonable. ap. 3-6m

THE NEWS

BRUCE CHAMP, Publisher.

PARIS. KENTUCKY

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Condensed and Put into Readable Shape.

AT WASHINGTON.

Postal Notes Not Legal Tender.
Treasurer Wyman, on the 5th, declined to receive a postal note for the payment of express charges on U. S. notes sent to Washington for redemption by a bank in Connecticut. Mr. Wyman says that he has no facilities for cashing these notes, as it is necessary they should be sent to the postoffice. Payment by such means, he claims, would only add to the labor of the Redemption Bureau, which now collects express charges by deducting the required amount from the sum sent for redemption. First Comptroller Lawrence, whose opinion was asked on this subject, says that postal notes are not a legal tender, and that anybody has the right to refuse them.

Another Army Officer Gone Wrong.
Information was received by the authorities at Washington on the 6th, to the effect that Lieutenant Porter, of the Third U. S. Cavalry, who has been acting Quartermaster at Fort Thomas, Arizona Territory, is \$1,900 short in his accounts and has deserted rather than face a trial. Lieutenant Porter is a graduate of West Point, and has been in the army but a few years.

Why a Postmaster Was Removed.
Conley, late postmaster at Atlanta, Ga., wrote a letter to the Postmaster General a few days since demanding reasons for his (Conley's) removal. The Postmaster General has written a rather sharp reply, in which he says that before he removed Conley he had conclusive evidence that the latter had not only retained in his office, but had promoted, clerks whom he knew to be dishonest. He adds in view of what recently passed between Conley and an inspector of the Postoffice Department, he is surprised that the former should now ask why he was removed. The allusion is supposed to be to admissions of delinquency made by Conley to the Inspector, and reported by the latter to the Postmaster General.

Will Not Allow Indians to be Exhibited.
In answer to an application from the French Charge d'Affaires for permission to take twenty Indians from their reservations to France for exhibition, Commissioner Price has advised the Secretary of the Interior to refuse the request upon the ground that such exhibitions result in the demoralization of the Indians, and render them dissatisfied with life at the agencies.

Notes.
The State Department has been advised by the United States Minister at Bangkok of the contemplated departure for the United States and England of an embassy from the Kingdom of Siam, composed of his Royal Highness Prince Krom Mun Hars Harred, a secretary of legation, and two military and one naval attaché.

Officers of the Postoffice Department express the opinion that the inadvantage of Congress in making the bill to regulate Postmasters' salaries go into effect at once, instead of on the 1st of October, the date fixed for the reduction in the letter rates of postage, will cost the Government \$1,500,000 in increased salaries. The system of grading salaries proportionately in accordance with the receipts of the office is also unfavorably commented upon by the Department, for the reason that under this system the Postmasters are continually tempted to make fictitious sales of stamps in order to increase their compensation.

DOMESTIC.

Heavy Damages by Frost.
A heavy frost visited Hampden, Hampshire and Franklin Counties, Mass., on the night of the 4th. The tobacco crop is damaged, in some cases severely. The loss in Franklin and Hampshire Counties is estimated at \$125,000. Farmers in that section have already cut and housed about a half crop. The greatest damage is to the tobacco fields, in some of which the crop is a total loss, and they will simply be plowed under.

Fatal Cattle Disease in Pennsylvania.
A disease known as splenic fever has attacked cattle in several portions of Pennsylvania, and is raging with great violence. A large number of cases have already proved fatal. The disease is apparently on the increase, occasioning great alarm among stock owners.

Two Ladies Drowned.
Carrie Waldmayer and Amelia Weaver, aged nineteen and twenty-one, of Philadelphia, were drowned at New Brunswick, N. J., on the 6th. Strolling along the beach, Miss Waldmayer slipped from the rocks and fell in the water, and Miss Weaver tried to rescue her. Miss Waldmayer's body was recovered.

For the Suppression of Dudes.
The Federation of Labor in Washington at a meeting a few nights ago adopted the following resolutions: "Resolved, That a committee of one member from each trade represented in this federation shall be appointed to recruit a society for the protection of women from insult on the streets of Washington. Said society shall hear complaints, and determine what method of redress is advisable in such cases; and the community is hereby respectfully requested to report all complaints of this character to said society for their investigation." A vigorous warfare against the masher and dude is to be inaugurated, which, it is believed, will successfully rid the city of the pest.

The St. Louis Sunday Cases Dismissed.
In the Court of Criminal Correction at St. Louis on the 5th over eight hundred cases against saloon-keepers for selling beer on Sunday were *nolle prosequi*, on the suggestion of the court. This ends for the present, the fight against saloon-keepers. This action was taken in view of Judge Noonan's late decision sustaining the law of 1857, under which in St. Louis City, by special act adopted by a vote of the people, the sale of beer and wine on Sunday is permitted.

Alarming Increase of Yellow Fever.
The yellow fever is increasing alarmingly at the Pensacola Navy-yard. Official

advice from there on the 6th, report thirteen new cases and seven deaths for the previous forty-eight hours. A stringent cordon is being maintained and the infected locality with the hope of confining the disease to its present limits.

Destructive Hurricane at Sea.
The steamer Lampport, under way from Baltimore to London, was struck by a hurricane a few days ago and disabled. The vessel carried one hundred and seventy cattle. The waves sweeping over the deck lifted the cattle pens upon their crests, and all but thirty-six of the animals were swept overboard or killed. Several vessels are reported lost.

Wants Quarantine Modified.
The New Orleans Board of Health requests the Governor to withdraw the non-intercourse proclamation, leaving in force the original quarantine proclamation of April 4, calling for ten days quarantine of vessels from infected districts. Reports from Ship Island Quarantine Station state not a single case of sickness among quarantined crews. The schooner Jennie Woods, from Vera Cruz, arrived at Ship Island with no sickness, but the vessel is isolated.

Three Persons Cremated.
The house of John Evans, at Riverport, Ill., was destroyed by fire on the 6th. Mrs. Phoebe Hyland, mother of Mrs. Evans, aged sixty-eight years, and two children of Mrs. Evans, a boy aged four and an infant baby, were burned to death. Mrs. Evans, who was in the yard at the time the fire was discovered, and rushed up stairs trying to rescue her mother and infant, was badly burned, and was forced to leave them to their fate to save her own life. The old lady was very fleshy, and would not resist herself to go down the stairs, which were then in flames, and would not give the babe, which she was then holding, to the mother.

Reception to Alex. Sullivan.
Fifteen thousand persons were at the reception given by the Irish National League of Brooklyn, to Alexander Sullivan, President of the National League of America, on the night of the 6th. The Ancient Order of Hibernians and St. Patrick's Alliance marched with the leagues to the grounds. A salute of thirty-two guns was fired. Sullivan was the only speaker. There was an unusually large attendance of clergymen.

Frank James, the Desperado, Acquitted.
The jury in the case of Frank James, on trial at Gallatin, Mo., for murder and train robbery, rendered a verdict of not guilty on the 6th, after two hours' deliberation. The verdict was received with applause by the friends of the defendant. The question of the disposition of the remaining indictment, for complicity in killing Westfall at the Gallatin bank robbery in 1868, came up, and after consideration the cases were continued until the October term, and the prisoner was remanded to await further trial. It is announced that he will not attempt to give bail, but remain in jail until next term. The prisoner received the verdict with perfect composure, as did also his wife.

A Handsome Gift to Bishop Ryan.
Bishop Ryan, of St. Louis, has been presented with a purse of \$6,000, donated by the different Catholic parishes of that city to defray his expenses as delegate to the conference of American Bishops soon to be held in Rome. The college of the Christian Brothers also presented him with a round trip ticket for the voyage.

Forest Fires in Massachusetts.
A Boston dispatch of the 7th says: "A dozen extensive forest, meadow and bush fires are raging in Worcester, Norfolk and Middlesex Counties. Most of them are beyond control and great damage has already been done. At Walpole, the Consumptive Home narrowly escaped destruction from a woodland fire. Goods were removed from the house, and for a time it was feared that a portion of Walpole Center would be destroyed. These fires swept over a large area, and in some cases will rage until a rainfall."

Musician Burned to Death.
Fire was discovered in one of the out-buildings of the Long Branch Hotel at an early hour on the morning of the 7th. The building was used as a laundry and sleeping apartments for musicians, who barely escaped with their lives. Several were almost suffocated, and had to be carried out to prevent the blocking up of the stairway. One musician, named Adolph Friedrich, was burned to a crisp. The musical instruments and music were totally consumed; also the bathing pavilion and laundry. The total loss is \$60,000.

Michigan Crops.
Returns received by the Secretary of the State of Michigan show that in the southern four tiers of counties 114,889 acres of wheat threshed yielded 1,377,320 bushels, an average of 15½ bushels per acre. The acreage reported threshed is eight per cent. of the total acreage as returned by Supervisors. The yield in the southern two tiers of counties is generally better, but in the central and northern counties not as high as estimated in July. The figures indicate a total yield in the State of about 29,000,000 bushels, or nearly 600,000 bushels less than the total product estimated in July.

A Brutal North Carolina Jail.
A few days ago three prisoners escaped from McDowell County (N. C.) Jail. In escaping they rudely pushed Mrs. Finley, the jailer's wife, aside, injuring her slightly. The fugitives were captured the same morning and returned to jail. Several hours after repeated pistol shots at the jail attracted the attention of citizens, who were surprised and indignant to find the jailer, enraged by the treatment to his wife and inflamed by whisky, shooting one of the prisoners, a negro, as he stood in his cage chained and handcuffed. Four painful wounds were inflicted, but none are fatal.

The American Hog and the Germans.
Representative W. H. Cox, of North Carolina, arrived at New York a few days ago from Germany. When asked the opinion of representative Germans regarding the policy of Bismarck in excluding our pork, he said public opinion does not justify the prohibition; on the contrary, it was strongly in favor of American importation. Bismarck's action is characterized solely as a political measure, which is cloaked under the allegation of a poisonous product.

Suicides and Murders.
At St. Johns, La., on the 4th, Willis Omer fatally stabbed his brother during a quarrel.
Wm. Lawrence, a night watchman of Bath, Me., was shot and killed a few nights

ago by one of three men whom he had detected in an act of burglary. One man was arrested afterward on suspicion.
John Crose, a wealthy citizen of New London, Ia., cut and mortally wounded his wife a few days ago. She had him arrested some time ago for threatening to kill her.
M. S. Usery, a wealthy citizen of Luling, Tex., was murdered in his residence on the 6th by a young man named Sam. Brown. Brown had been refused the hand of Usery's daughter.
M. S. Tazewell, a druggist of Handy Hill, N. Y., shot and killed himself a few nights ago, with the same weapon, in the same room, and at the same hour his father suicided a year ago.
Capt. J. H. Robinson, a popular and influential citizen of Sharkey County, Miss., was found murdered and his body horribly mutilated in a thicket near his home a few days ago. His murderers are unknown.

FOREIGN.

The Great East India Catastrophe.
The Governor of the Dutch East Indies telegraphs that the town of Telokbelong is probably totally destroyed by the recent volcanic eruption. The district in which that town is situated is entirely inaccessible, as all roads are obliterated. Nothing further from Lampoon, on the southern coast of Sumatra, has been learned. Some of the lighthouses in the straits are standing, but the lights are extinct. The report of the destruction of Tjiringine by a tidal wave and the drowning of 10,000 people there is confirmed.

England's Honest Dealer.
The Hon. Richard O'Shaughnessy, who recently resigned his seat in Parliament, has issued a valiant victory to the electors of his district, expressing his conviction that the masses of the English people are honestly anxious that Irish affairs be regulated by Parliament with a careful and generous regard for the condition and necessities of Ireland.

Henri Rochefort Abuses King Humbert.
An article printed in the Paris *Internationale*, by Henri Rochefort, abusing King Humbert, has aroused great indignation throughout Italy. The article accused the King of having pocketed money subscribed by the French for the Ischia sufferers, while he was at the same time urging Germany to annihilate France. An Italian officer waited upon Rochefort and demanded satisfaction for the insult to his King, but Rochefort refused to grant him a hostile meeting. At a meeting of a committee of Ischia survivors held in Naples a resolution was adopted declaring that they would refuse all proffers of aid, on the ground that when charity was offered them in order to serve as a pretext for insulting their King, they feel it their duty to reject such charity, not only from France, but from the whole world.

Notes.
The London police are in possession of facts which show a revival of Fenian activity in that city. All the noted rendezvous of prominent Irish agitators there are again placed under strict police surveillance.

MARWOOD, the English hangman, is dead. The invincibles are suspected of poisoning him.

A statue of Lafayette was unveiled at Le Puy, France, on the 6th. In spite of a severe rain-storm an immense crowd was in attendance. Lafayette was eulogized as the forerunner of the French Republic.

A DUBRAJ dispatch says a correspondent just returned from a four through the heart of Zululand reports the natives on a war of mutual extermination.

REPORTS from all parts of Russia state that the cattle plague continues with unabated fury. Over one million cattle have fallen victims to the plague within the last four years in European Russia alone.

A TELEGRAM from Batavia, India, on the 7th says famine is completing the havoc there.

LATEST NEWS.

Frost was reported on the morning of the 9th in Central and Northern Ohio, Indiana and the Northwestern States. In Wisconsin it was very severe. The corn and sorghum crops were in some sections entirely destroyed.

The Elkhorn tannery at Stroudsburg, Pa., was destroyed by fire a few mornings ago. Loss \$150,000.

The German Squadron in the East has been ordered to Hong Kong. The design is to prevent an outbreak against foreigners.

POSTMASTER GENERAL GRESHAM has directed the President's attention to the fact that several postmasters, who are proprietors of newspapers, have inserted the advertisement of a lottery company, sharply criticizing the Administration on account of the decision excluding lottery letters from the mails. The matter will be investigated.

HEMBOLD, the patent medicine man, has been sued for \$250 in Philadelphia for the work of painting his advertising sign on the Pyramid of Cheops in Egypt.

The usefulness of the postal notes is being greatly jeopardized by the mistakes of postmasters in filling them out, which is causing the banks to refuse them.

BUT six of the defenders of Baltimore in 1812 were able to turn out for the customary anniversary on the 9th. The youngest of the six is eighty-six years of age.

HORACE GREELY'S farm, Chappaqua, was bought at auction on the 8th by Miss Gabrielle Greeley for \$10,000, half of its estimated value.

An Independent movement is being started in Massachusetts which has as its principal purpose the defeat of Governor Butler.

A LOT of giant powder was exploded under the new Church of the "Pilgrims," a polygamous sect, at Erwin, Ill., a few mornings since. The organizer of the sect, Rev. C. A. Obenshain, has been accustomed to sleep in the church, but happened to be away when the explosion occurred. The building was entirely destroyed.

The Knights of Labor Convention at Cincinnati completed its business on the 8th. The proceedings are withheld from the public, but it is known that T. V. Powderly was re-elected Grand Master Workman, and the Brotherhood of Telegraphers have withdrawn from the organization on account of the failure of the Knights of Labor to extend financial support to the Brotherhood during the recent strike. A mass meeting was held on the 9th at which speeches were made by H. A. Coffeen, Ralph Beaumont, of New York, Wm. A. Brown, of New York and E. B. Turney, of East Saginaw. The Workmen were advised to place no faith in either of the political parties, but to organize a labor party for their own protection.

Hints for the Sick-Room.

Sickness is too apt to be synonymous with sadness, and it is all important that the person in charge of a patient should wear a bright, hopeful countenance. The weak look to the strong for support, and are quick to mark the slightest tokens of uneasiness or apprehension on the part of those about their bedside, although they may give no outward expression of their senses of it at the time. A nurse who combines apparent confidence as to a happy result, with the tender attentions necessary to secure it, does but discharge the proper functions of her calling, save in extreme cases, of which we are not treating here.

Let the nurse be quiet. Let her dress be of no stiff or rustling material; her shoes of a kind that shall in no wise creak or cry. The modulation of the voice, too, should be carefully attended to. We can not, and should not, forbear attendance upon the sick, because nature has not gifted us with that rare, blessed boon, of a sweet and musical voice; yet, even more earnestly than the elocutionist, should the nurse study to modulate such organs as she does possess, to the utmost gentleness of which they are capable. For nothing is of greater importance, we would assure her, if she desires to soothe irritated nerves, and quiet perturbed spirits, than to use an habitually soft and calm speech in all her conversation, either with the sick or in their presence.

It is primarily important that an attendant should give quick heed to the physician's orders, and obey them exactly. The hard-headed and opinionated nurse is one who incurs a heavy responsibility, and, in nine cases out of ten, brings to grief her patient as well as herself. All important as is the province of the nurse, yet she should ever remember that it is subordinate to that of the physician, whose work it is to indicate the direction and limits of her course. The best things lose their good qualities when misplaced and ill-applied. Another quality that the nurse should sedulously cultivate is, watchfulness as to her patient's moods. She should adapt her conduct carefully to the demands of the minute, as indicated by expression of countenance, or even an involuntary gesture, where the case is of a sick person who would be patient if he could. In these days, when nervous maladies are so common, too much stress can not be laid upon this point. And yet it is a difficult lesson to instill by precept, for it involves tact, a subtle quality that is commonly thought to be more nearly allied to the graces than virtues, therefore, rather an endowment of nature than a fruit of endeavor. Fortunately, however, for poor humanity, nearly every right thing and tact among the number is attainable by patient effort, guided by good sense, such as all people of sound mind may reasonably aspire to. Then let not the plainest nurse despair of attaining to this crowning grace of her profession.

In pursuance of this end, guard well the tongue. Take care that no disagreeable topic of conversation be continued, if perchance introduced. Get more imperative, guard against talking at all when the patient indicates by his own silence a desire for quiet. If the vote of all the sick were taken as to that fault in their nurses, from which they suffer most, we should not be surprised if, with one voice, they would say, *garrulity*. It is conceded that truth lies at the foundation of all popular beliefs; and if so, then nurses, as a class, are prone to talk too much. Let so base a vice as gossip no longer degrade one of the noblest and beneficent of human callings—the care of the sick. —*American Agriculturist.*

Shade Trees in Pastures.

Every piece of land which is to be used permanently as a pasture should have some shade trees on it. If there are none which grow naturally, efforts should be made to encourage a few to grow around the watering-place and on the tops of the hills. Where they come up naturally they should be encouraged in all parts of the field, but not too thick; if they are oaks or maples, ten to twenty trees to the acre are enough; if pine or hemlock, the smallest number would be too many, for while scattering deciduous trees do but little injury to pasture, evergreen trees are very likely to kill out the grass under them, after they get large enough to shade a considerable space of ground. The red cedar is an exception to this rule, but the trees do not spread their branches to a very great distance from the trunk, so they make a very good tree to set in pastures, especially near the sea shore, as they will endure the ocean winds and salt air as well as almost any tree that grows. In the interior the rock maple makes a good pasture tree, though the shade is more dense and injures the red maple. The black walnut is an easy tree to grow, and makes valuable timber when grown.

Rough, rocky pastures may be easily made to produce wood or timber, which will very materially increase the income of the land with very little injury to the feed; in fact a few shade trees are beneficial to a pasture, affording a shady retreat for the cattle. There are some trees that should not be encouraged, such as the grey birch, poplar, black cherry and pitch pine; these are not only poor shade trees, but they cover the land with seed, and thus make a constant expense to keep them within control.

The apple tree makes one of the best shade trees in a pasture. In the days of our grandfathers many pastures were lined with apple trees growing in their natural condition, bearing natural fruit; but the practice of setting apple trees in a pasture has long ago been very generally abandoned, and the rule now is to let the pastures take care of themselves. If the trees come in naturally they are permitted to extend over the ground until they become so thick as to greatly injure, if not entirely destroy, the field for a pasture. This is not judicious management, for pastures, like mowing land, should be kept under control, and only such trees permitted to grow as are believed to be the most profitable. A little labor expended at just the right time will keep the proper number of shade trees in a pasture. —*Massachusetts Ploughman.*

The largest cow in America weighs 3,200 pounds, and gives milk in Chase County, Kan.

How Canada is Governed.

United States Commercial Agent Carroll, of Port Stanley and St. Thomas, in a recent report gives the following concise sketch of the Government of Canada: As is well known, there are seven provinces in the Dominion, viz.: New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia, and Manitoba. The total population of these provinces is 4,362,080. The executive authority is vested in the Queen, exercised through the Governor General, who receives \$50,000 a year as salary.

The Governor General has thirteen advisers, known as the Cabinet or "Queen's Privy Council of Canada," each of whom receives a salary of \$7,000 per annum and \$1,000 in addition for each session of Parliament, excepting the Premier, who receives \$8,000 and an additional \$1,000 per session, making the total annual salaries of these officers \$155,000, \$49,000 in excess of that paid to the President of the United States and his Cabinet. A member of the Canadian Cabinet must be either a Senator or a member of the House of Commons. There are twelve departments, viz.: (1) of Justice, (2) of Finance, (3) of Agriculture, (4) of the Secretary of State, (5) of Militia and Defence, (6) of Customs, (7) of Inland Revenue, (8) of the Interior, (9) of Public Works, (10) of Railways and Canals, (11) of the Postoffice, and (12) the Department of Marine and Fisheries.

Parliament is composed of a Senate and House of Commons. Senators are appointed for life, and members of the House of Commons are elected for five years. At present there can be but seventy-eight Senators, and after the admission of Newfoundland into the Confederation the number is limited to eighty-two. In the late Parliament there were 206 members in the House of Commons. Under the recent apportionment the House just elected will have 211 members. Each Senator and member of the House of Commons receives \$1,000 per annum as compensation.

The sessions of Parliament are short compared with those of the Congress of the United States. There is no particular time or day for the assembling of parliament. It usually meets, however, in February of each year, being summoned to Ottawa by proclamation of the Governor General, who also, with the advice of the Cabinet, prorogues it, and so far as the House of Commons is concerned, dissolves Parliament at the end of five years, or sooner. Parliament is opened in person by the Governor General, with considerable formality and pomp.

The Speaker of the Senate, who must be a Senator, is appointed by the Governor General. He has in all cases a vote. Senators do not address the Speaker. They address the Senate. Intemperate or offensive language is dealt with by the Senate. The members do not vote "yea" or "nay." Those in favor of a motion are the "contents," and those opposed are the "non-contents." In the House of Commons the members address the Speaker, who is elected by that body. The Speaker of the Senate takes part in the debates thereof. The Speaker of the House of Commons takes no part in the debates. He has the casting vote in case of a tie. Unlike the speaker of the Senate, he preserves order, and, on the whole, yields about the same power as the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States.

The form of Government, to a great extent, is modelled from our own, or to that extent which its relation to Great Britain permits. The Governor General has certain powers, but he appears to have no will against that of the Government. He, therefore, seldom uses his prerogatives, but assents to such measures as the Government may see fit to present.

Each province has a local Legislature, in some of which there are an upper and a lower house, and in others one house. A Lieutenant-Governor, appointed by the Governor General, presides over each province.

With the exception of members of the House of Commons and of the local Legislature, all officers are appointed; and hold their positions during life or good behavior. General election days appear like Sunday. All places selling intoxicating drinks are closed. The law on this subject is very stringent. Any person violating it is fined heavily and jailed. Any person who has attained the age of twenty-one years, and has an income of \$400 in a city, \$300 in a town, \$200 in a village, and \$200 in a township may vote, provided he is a British subject. Any person, meaning a male, owning property in one or more election districts, can vote in each district in which his property is located, provided it amounts to the figure in either of the places named above. The voting is by ballot, and only one voter is allowed in the poll at a time. The returning officer is supposed to have the tickets printed with the names of the opposing candidates thereon, who supplies each of his deputies with the number required at their respective polls on the morning of election.

The tickets are numbered by the deputy returning officer, who, as each voter presents himself, initials the ticket, hands it to the voter, who proceeds to another apartment, affixes the mark required by law opposite the name of the candidate of his choice, returns to the poll, hands the ticket to the returning officer, who examines it on the outside to see that his initials are there, places it in the box, and the process is complete. The candidate has nothing to do with the tickets or their preparation. Indeed, it is unlawful for he should. Each candidate must deposit \$200 with the proper authority before he can be recognized as such.

Constituencies are small in Canada compared with the United States, and majorities are frequently as low as one, two, or three. Two or three hundred is considered a large majority in most electoral districts.

In this connection, and in conclusion, it may be proper to add that the Province of Quebec is the pivotal province as to representation in the Dominion House of Commons. It has a fixed representation of sixty-five members, and the representation of the other provinces is in proportion to their respective populations as the number sixty-five bears to the population of Quebec. This is determined and adjusted decennially.

OF GENERAL INTEREST.

A Cincinnati paper calls its secret society news "Goal Hairs Swept from Lodge Room Floors."

It is so quiet at some of the summer resorts that a mosquito's yawn can be heard for half a mile. —*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

Golden weddings seem to be numerous now all over the United States. You must hurry up and have one, if you wish to be in style. —*Lowell Citizen.*

Letters from several of the largest dealers in fish in Eastern Maine and others show conclusively that this is the worst year for fishermen that has ever been known.

A Revolutionary relic in the shape of a twelve pound shot was found in the Mohawk River, near Fultonville, N. Y., a short time ago by a fisherman, which he retains in his possession.

A gang of Winnebago Indians employed on the Union Pacific Railroad have proved to be excellent workmen and in some respects superior to those of any other nationality. —*Chicago Journal.*

The catch-name of Beantown for Boston is simply amusing, but when a little seven-by-nine down-East newspaper calls this city "Sullivanville," it becomes serious. —*Boston Transcript.*

Because a Virginia man dropped dead just as he was going to swear his tax list was correct, the *Merchant Traveler* says it seems as if a man should learn a little from the Bible story of Ananias.

"The more I study the subject," said a well-known citizen of Massachusetts recently, "the more fully I am convinced that our State Prison policy has a direct tendency to make hardened criminals." —*Boston Herald.*

Reports of the harvest prospects from all parts of Ireland are very encouraging. In the northern, the midland and southern counties, the crops are full and promising. The potato yield is large. —*N. Y. Herald.*

A horse belonging to Mr. Clark, of New York, that has been afflicted with stiff joints, was brought to his knees by a stroke of lightning recently, and since that time his knees have not been stiff and he skips off like a young colt. —*Troy (N. Y.) Times.*

An Englishman who pretends to know all about cholera epidemics says that it is safe to stay in a place as long as the swallows and sparrows remain. When these feathered visitants disappear, he packs his trunk and leaves by the first conveyance. —*N. Y. Post.*

The white elephants which Barnum's agent got in Siam, and had transferred to a ship at Singapore, were poisoned at the orders of a native official, to prevent the sacred animals from being put to unholy uses. Mr. Barnum was thus out of pocket \$130,000. —*Hartford Post.*

An old doe whose fawns had been captured near Sylvania, Ga., became so enraged that she charged upon a pack of dogs, who had her fawns captive, and, by jumping up in the air and striking them with her feet, succeeded in putting the dogs to flight, and then marched triumphantly off with her children. —*Chicago Times.*

Values have fallen below their proper level, as measured by the volume of the currency. This undue decline has released large amounts of money, which will sooner or later seek employment in business channels. In other words, the time for a panic has gone by, and the country is gradually but surely approaching a renewal of reasonable activity and higher prices. —*Boston Herald.*

Alphonse Karr, who is fighting *Hyacinthe* with great ardor, argues that nothing contributes more to render manners so cruel as the spectacle of torture inflicted on animals, and quotes Montaigne, who said, "It was by killing beasts that man came to kill man." The great champion of vivisection in France is Paul Bert, whose atheistic school manuals have raised such difficulties between the clergy and the Government. —*N. Y. Independent.*

A huge alligator has been the terror of bathers at Montrose, Ala., for a long time. The other day a colored man saw the monster sunning himself near the wharf, and determined to sacrifice him. Seizing an ax he rushed into the water and engaged in mortal combat. The struggle was fierce, and lasted a full hour, at the end of which time the alligator quit the scene of earthly woe. The saurian measured ten feet three inches in length. —*N. O. Picayune.*

Some of the merchants of Philadelphia develop an amount of business enterprise that does much to acquit that city of the charge of being behind the age. A shoe store has had a photograph gallery fitted up in the top floor, where every purchaser of a pair of shoes is entitled to have his photograph taken. A cigar dealer exposes the legend: "A ticket for the Mannerchor Garden and a good Havana cigar for 25 cents." And a popular dentist attracts custom to himself by giving teeth on trial. —*Philadelphia Press.*

In the Crimea two Tartars quarrelled on account of their common sweetheart, and they agreed to settle their troubles in their own way. Without any artificial weapons they met each other as the bucks do, striking each other with their foreheads. They made half a dozen rounds; blood flowed from both of them, yet neither of the Tartars would yield. After another furious round, one of them fell down exhausted. Being crazed by defeat, he drew his knife and cut his throat on the spot. The winner, crowned with a wreath of bumps, repaired to his sweetheart, whom he now possesses.

The prefect of police in Paris has taken steps to suppress the crying of false news in the streets, an abuse that has grown to insufferable proportions. Among the favorite cries of the news-vendors have been such announcements as "The assassination of Rochefort!" "The death of President Grevy!" "The suicide of Sarah Bernhardt!" and "The new manifesto of Bismarck!"

A crazy woman in Louisville boarded a street car the other day, drove out all the passengers and insisted that it was her special car. A policeman persuaded her to arrest him and lead him to the station house, where she was locked up. —*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

—Beans should never be cultivated while the leaves are wet, and not at all after blossoming, as dirt causes rot of the leaves and will injure the crop.—*Cincinnati Times.*

—Jellie Rolls: One teaspoon of white sugar, one cup of flour, four eggs, one teaspoonful of cream tartar, one-half teaspoonful of soda; bake in shallow tins; when done turn bottom side up, spread with jelly and roll up while warm.—*N. Y. Times.*

—Strawberries vary wonderfully on different soils. The best way is not to plant much of any particular sort without first testing its adaptability to the soil and location. There will then be fewer tales of financial disaster and defeat.—*Exchange.*

—A decorative article that may be made in various ways is shaped like the genuine George Washington hatchet; it should be of seasoned white wood, and it may be covered with plush, velvet, or satin; it may be painted or embroidered upon, and it may serve as a frame for a hollywood panel.

—Since fans still continue to be popular as wall decorations, they can be made at home at small expense. For foundations get the cheap figured paper fans, paint or gild the handles, and cover the fan with silk, satin, or other handsome material. These may be decorated with ribbon or Kensington embroidery.—*The Householder.*

—Castile lime, either air or water slaked, is recommended as a sure cure for gapes in chickens. Take the chicken in the left hand and open its mouth, keeping in upright, and drop a pinch of the dry lime into it. Hold it in this position a few seconds, until it is obliged to breathe, when it will inhale some of the lime. One application is sufficient, even in the last stages of the disease. It does not injure the chicken, but kills the worm.—*N. Y. Examiner.*

—A correspondent of the *Country Gentleman* says: "A heavy crop of clover is sure death to daisies. They seem to be smothered by the ranker growth of clover, and fail to mature their seeds. In a field where there is a growth of daisies, a generous use of fertilizers, especially of barnyard manure, and keeping the field seeded to clover, using an extra quantity of seed for this purpose and breaking up every two years, cultivating for awhile and again seeding to clover thickly, will finally eradicate the daisies."

—Cornstarch Blanc Mange may be varied almost indefinitely by adding fruit to it. Stir the fruit in after the pudding is cooked and is just ready to be poured into the moulds. It is delicious also with chocolate; in where you use four tablespoonfuls of cornstarch, use two of chocolate; pour in tepid water. A nice sauce for this is made by beating one egg and adding milk and sugar to your taste; a very little vanilla improves it, and still does not disguise the chocolate flavor.—*Boston Transcript.*

Apples for Stock.

It is well to remember at this season, as fruit is maturing, that apples are excellent food for most kinds of farm stock. If an animal's choice of foods is any indication of what is good for it, apples must be a very valuable food for cows, for they always manifest the liveliest appetite for them. There is nothing which they seem to relish any better, and in our own experience of feeding them by hundreds of bushels to milk cows, nothing has proved to be more healthful or productive of finer flavored milk. They cannot, like grass, be fed ad libitum. They must be dealt out in moderation, especially till cattle become accustomed to their use, when they may be safely fed more freely. Thus fed, they promote healthfulness, vigor and flesh in the animals, and an increase in the quantity, richness and flavor of their milk. Since the recent improvements in the art of preserving fruit by desiccation, the quantity of apples which can now be utilized for human food has become so much increased as to leave comparatively little that cannot be better employed than in feeding to stock; but there is always more or less waste and premature dropping which cannot be disposed of in any way so well as to feed them to stock, and there is nothing they can be more profitably fed to than milk cows. There is a double advantage in feeding such fruit, instead of letting it go to waste. It serves as food, and at the same time destroys the insects which infest the immature fruit, and prevents their multiplying as rapidly as they otherwise would.—*Live Stock Journal.*

Choosing a Horse.

The *Turf, Field, and Farm*, a most reliable authority on the subject, says that "in buying a horse, first look at his head and eyes for signs of intelligence, temper, courage, and honesty. Unless a horse has brains you cannot teach him to do anything well. If bad qualities predominate in a horse, education only serves to enlarge and intensify them. The head is the indicator of disposition. A square muzzle, with large nostrils, evidences an ample breathing apparatus and lung power. Next, see that he is well under the jaw, with jawbones broad and wide apart under the throat. Breadth and fullness between the ears and eyes are always desirable. The eyes should be full and hazel in color, ears small and thin and thrown well forward. The horse that turns his ears back every now and then is not to be trusted. He is either a biter or a kicker and is sure to be vicious in other respects, and, being naturally vicious, can never be trained to do anything well, and so a horse with a rounding nose, tapering forehead and a broad, full face below the eyes is always treacherous and not to be depended on. Avoid the long-legged, stilted animal—always choosing one with a short, straight back and rump, withers high and shoulders sloping, well set back, and with good depth of chest, fore legs straight, with low down hock, short pastern joints, and a round, mulish-shaped foot."

—The police at Bridgeport, Conn., resigned to get around the law which prevented their pay being increased while in office, as the commissioners had voted. Then dummies were appointed and resigned, and the old board was reappointed at a new salary.

Fishing for Treasure.

"Talking about fishing for treasure, the only time I ever got any way close to a windfall of any kind worth speaking of was when I was a 'prentice. A ticklish job that was, and I wouldn't speak of it to a stranger, only that it's a matter of forty-three years since it happened. The man I was 'prentice' to wa'n't a very particular sort of chap in the way of making a bit of money cross-ways when it wa'n't easy to get it straightways, and more than once he came so close to getting into trouble that perhaps it was a good thing for me that he made himself scarce and never was heard of again when I had as yet a year and a half of my seven years to serve him. I was about seventeen when in the winter time we had a job that took us a good bit to and fro between Shadwell and Limehouse, and I was pulling along one evening while he was smoking his pipe, when says he: 'Easy, you Billy; you see that bit of driftwood yonder? I noticed it yesterday and the day before,' says he, 'and it's a rum 'un to me why it should stick there and not go one way or t'other. Pull toward it, and we'll have it aboard.' I did so, and he put his arm over the side, and made a grab at it. 'Why, dash my eyes, Billy,' he says, swearing, 'if it isn't made fast with a line; and if it isn't buoying something at the bottom it's straining to me.' It was a short and thick chunk of wood, rotten-looking, and not likely to be picked up by anybody who happened to pass close to where it was floating, and the line that held it was not tied, but fastened with a nail. 'Lend a hand,' he says, and we both tried at it, but we were more likely to break the line than to move what was at t'other end of it, so we give over. We might have managed it had the boat been steady, but the water was rough and the wind blowing. I was as good as most lads of my age at anything in the water, and he knew it. 'This is a rum go,' said he; 'there's nobody about, Billy; tumble in if you've got the pluck to do it, and find what it is hitched to, and if it is worth fishing up we will go fair halves in it.' 'It was November weather, and I didn't care about the job, but rather than he should think I finked it I slipped off my clothes and in I went. It is deepish water thereabouts, but I let the line slip loose through my hand, and at t'other end, half buried in the mud, there was something wooden and square, and no doubt a box. It wasn't more than a couple of feet square, but, excepting the cord tied around it, there was nothing to lay hold of, and I couldn't move it, let alone bring it to the surface. Well, when he heard what I had to say about it, he was in a rare way. We had another haul at it, but it was of no use. 'Well, we'll have it some how,' says he. 'It is no use to-night, but we'll drop down here early in the morning, and meanwhile we'll think it over. And mind you he says, 'not a word about it to anybody. Good or bad, whatever's in that box we go fair halves in, and only you and me will know anything about it.' So we talked it over when we got home, and he went out and bought some strong gear. I was awake pretty nearly all night thinking about it, and next morning before daybreak we were off, and at Limehouse before there was light enough to make out one buoy easy. 'There it is, though, just as we left it, and in I got again, taking the sling down with me. I found the wooden box, and took a turn or two round it, and then came up for breath, and down again two or three times, until I'd got the thing well hitched. I had something to lay hold of now, and with him hauling, too, we got it up easy enough, and pretty soon put it aboard. We had brought a sack with us to slip it into, and before breakfast time we were back home with it, and with nobody but his wife there, and with the door locked and the blind pulled down, we broke the box open with the tongs and poker, and what d'ye think was inside it? Silver plate, sir—church plate, cups, and candlesticks, and salvers, and all manner of things, as many as weighed almost a quarter of a hundredweight, as I should reckon, and everything bright, 'cept for the dirty water that had got into the box. 'It was such a stunning sort of find that I lost if any one of us could hardly say a word for a minute or two, and then says old Javols: 'Look here, Billy, this is a matter to be kept as dark as pitch. This is a church robbery, that's what this is, and I shall have to be precious careful. But don't you fear about the halves I promised you,' says he. 'We'll whack what it fetches to the last farthing. Keep your mouth shut for a day or two and you shall see.' Well, I was a wicked young warmin't then, d'ye see, and I didn't say a word; no more did he, till the end of that week, when he came to me with a face as serious as an undertaker, and 'Billy,' he says, 'we're in a mess about that silver. I find that it is what they call sacrilege, and it is a hanging job to be found in possession of it, no matter who it was that stole it. So, my lad, the safest way for us will be to put the lot back where we found it. I've nailed the lid on again,' says he, 'and you and me must take it aboard after dark, and heave it into the river.' And I was so precious scared at what he said that I was only too glad to help him with the job. 'And did you really throw the silver plate back into the Thames?' 'Well,' returned my old waterman, with a queer grimace, 'I can answer for the box, and for its being heavy enough to have all the silver things in it. That's all I know about it, 'cept that, a very short time afterward, Javols bought a new boat, and a lot of new clothes for himself and his missus, and that they went, togged out, to spend a fortnight at Christmas at his father's at Gravesend.' 'That certainly looked suspicious. You have remarked to him to the same effect, I have no doubt?' 'Yes, I mentioned it, but he had an answer ready for me. 'My prosperity, Billy,' he says, 'I owe to doing a virtuous action. I did what was my duty as regards that silver plate, and I've got on nicely ever since. Let it be a lesson to you through life never to let your too thorough life never to let your avariciousness override your principles.'—*London Telegraph.*

—We believe no American bicycle rider has yet had his neck broken, but if these fellows keep on running against time down mountain roads the broken-neck record will soon be opened.—*Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.*

An insurance agent named Pyle in running fell over the stile, St. Jacob's Oil gave relief. And the pain was so brief, He got up and said: "I should smile."

A lame old lady at Keyser, Had no one to advise her, 'Till Doctor John Boyle, Tried St. Jacob's Oil, Its action did simply surprise her.

The original D'Arcy horse is supposed to have been that which Joan first rode.—*Somerville Journal.*

HAY-FEVER. I have suffered for the last ten years from Hay-Fever. I desire to testify in favor of Ely's Cream Balm. My short use of it demonstrated its efficacy. J. MAIDHOFF, 401 Broadway, N. Y. 50 cts.

A BARREL of money makes a hog set in society.—*N. O. Picayune.*

Two-Thirds of a Bottle Cures. Dr. R. V. FIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.: "Dear Sir—I have been taking your 'Favorite Prescription' for 'female weakness.' Before I had taken it two days I began to feel stronger. I have taken but two-thirds of a bottle and believe I am cured. Gratefully, Mrs. H. C. LOVETT, Watseka, Ill.

It is reported that an angry passenger threw a porter from a Pullman parlor car out West. This was probably the biggest tip the porter ever received.—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

Throat, Bronchial and Lung Diseases. A specialty. Send two stamps for large treatise giving self treatment. Address: WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

MODERN Song of the Shirt: "Rip, rip, rip, band and gusset and seam. Rip, rip, rip; confound the sewing machine."—*Philadelphia News.*

HAY-FEVER. I have suffered for eight years from Hay-Fever. In July I resorted to Ely's Cream Balm, have been entirely free from the fever ever since. E. C. HILLMAN, State Arsenal, Trenton, N. J. 50 cts.

YOUNG MUGGINS recently became a party to a very interesting slight-of-hand performance. His girl gave him the mitten.—*Toledo Blade.*

SICK and bilious headache, and all derangements of stomach and bowels, cured by Dr. Pierce's "Pellets" or anti-bilious granules. 25 cents a vial. No cheap boxes to allow waste of virtues. By druggists.

RUBBING is a popular remedy for many complaints. Rubbers have certainly kept a great many people up.—*Boston Commercial Bulletin.*

ESSEX COUNTY, VA.—Mr. James R. Micon, clerk of the County, says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters and found it valuable for the purposes which it claims."

You can't count votes honestly by electric light.—*Boston Star.*

A good medicinal tonic, with real merit, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

A SHELL race—Oysters.—*Boston Bulletin.*

Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Ask for it. Complete, permanent cure. Corns, bunions.

Waiter Leaf Hair Restorer. It is entirely different from all others. It is as clear as water, and, as its name indicates, is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen out. It does not in any manner affect the health, which Sulphur, Sugar of Lead and Nitrate of Silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. JOHN D. PARF & SONS, Wholesale Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio, and C. N. CHATTERTON, New York.

The Proprietors of the *Farm, Field and Fireside*, Chicago, are securing subscribers to their publication. In addition to furnishing an excellent paper at the low price of 50 cents for six months, they propose to distribute \$40,000 in presents to their readers. See their announcement in advertising columns.

See. buys a pair of Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners and make a boot or shoe last twice as long.

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin. 10c.

EXPRESSMEN Liable. MR. A. S. MERRILL, the popular expressman of Brunswick, Me., writes as follows: "Having been severely afflicted for about two years with inflammation of the kidneys and bladder, so called by my physicians, I suffered with distressing pains in my back and retention of urine, caused by a stoppage of the neck of the bladder, and a complication of other diseases. I was hardly able to attend to my business, and at times would be completely prostrated. I was also afflicted with inconvenience of urine to an alarming degree, indeed, it demanded my attention every twenty times per night, and at times it would seem impossible for me to ride down to the depot on my wagon, for every far from the wagon would almost seem to take my life. Having failed to obtain relief from my doctor, I finally consulted our druggist, Dr. Merriam, of Brunswick, and requested him to furnish me with the most reliable and speedy cure for such sickness. For I was suffering so much for human nature to endure long. The doctor recommended me to use Hunt's Remedy, as it had been used with remarkable success in a good many cases in Brunswick and vicinity. I purchased a bottle, and received such great relief from the constipation, and had not used two bottles before I began to improve beyond my expectations. I gained strength, and my water began to pass naturally, and I was able to now able to do my household work, and needed rest which for a long time I could not. I am fully restored to health, and can attend to my business. Thanks to Hunt's Remedy for my restoration, and I highly recommend it to all who are troubled with kidney complaints."

COULD NOT LIFT A POUND. The above are the words of Mrs. Harriet Dally, of Pottam, Conn. She writes May 8, 1888: "I have been troubled with kidney and liver disease for two years. I suffered severely in the back and joints. After trying your wonderful medicine, Hunt's Remedy, I could not lift a pound. After giving it a fair trial, I began to improve, and can now truly say it was a 'Godsend to me,' as I am now able to do my household work, and enjoy the best of health. I have recommended Hunt's Remedy to two of my neighbors, who have been greatly benefited by it. This letter is sent voluntarily, with the hope that it will be the means of inducing some sufferer to use Hunt's Remedy, and be cured as I have been."

BEAVER COLLEGE MUSICAL INSTITUTE, 201 West Erie St., will be held at Beaver, Pa., offers to young ladies a quiet home, with every advantage for a thorough literary and musical education at moderate rates. Address REV. E. T. TAYLOR, D.D.

\$72 A WEEK, \$12 a day at home easily made. Satisfactory. Address True & Co., Augusta, Me.

RUBBER STAMPS, with your name 50 cents; engravings, 75c. Address: True & Co., Augusta, Me.

HAIR. \$15 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Address: STRIMMON & Co., Portland, Me.

THE MARKETS. CINCINNATI, September 8, 1888.

LIVE STOCK.—Cattle—common \$2 00 to \$3 00. Choice butchers' 4 25 to 4 75. HOGS.—Common 4 00 to 4 50. Good packers 4 25 to 4 50. SHEEP.—Common 2 25 to 2 50. Choice 2 50 to 3 00. GRAIN.—Wheat—Long berry red 1 05 to 1 10. No. 2 red 1 00 to 1 05. Oats—No. 2 mixed 25 to 30. Rye—No. 2 50 to 55. HAY.—Doubt dressed 11 to 12. PROVISIONS.—Pork—Mess. 12 to 13. Lard—Current make 8 to 10. BUTTER.—Fancy Dairy 14 to 15. Prime Creamery 20 to 25. FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.—Potatoes per bag, first size 1 25 to 1 30. Apples, prime, per barrel 2 50 to 3 00.

NEW YORK. FLOUR—State and Western 3 25 to 4 25. Good to choice 4 50 to 5 00. GRAIN.—Wheat—No. 2 spring 1 05 to 1 10. No. 2 red 1 00 to 1 05. Oats—No. 2 mixed 25 to 30. Rye—No. 2 50 to 55. POTatoes—Mess. 13 to 15.

CHICAGO. FLOUR—State and Western 3 50 to 4 25. GRAIN.—Wheat—No. 2 red 1 05 to 1 10. Oats—No. 2 25 to 30. Rye—No. 2 50 to 55. POTatoes—Mess. 13 to 15.

BAITMORE. FLOUR—Family 3 25 to 4 00. GRAIN.—Wheat—No. 2 red 1 05 to 1 10. Oats—No. 2 25 to 30. Rye—No. 2 50 to 55. POTatoes—Mess. 13 to 15.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. In fever and ague, biliousness, indigestion, and other ailments, this Balm is a sure cure. It is a perfect Vegetable Hair Restorer. It will immediately free the head from dandruff, restore gray hair to its natural color, and produce a new growth where it has fallen out. It does not in any manner affect the health, which Sulphur, Sugar of Lead and Nitrate of Silver preparations have done. It will change light or faded hair in a few days to a beautiful glossy brown. Ask your druggist for it. Each bottle is warranted. JOHN D. PARF & SONS, Wholesale Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio, and C. N. CHATTERTON, New York.

STOMACH BITTERS. CATARRH. ELY'S CREAM BALM. When applied by the finger into the nostrils, it will be absorbed, effecting a cleansing of the head of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions, relieving inflammation, protecting the membrane of the nasal passages from additional colds, completely healing the sores and restoring taste and smell. A few applications relieve. A thorough treatment will positively cure. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Price 50 cents by mail or at druggists. Ely Brothers, Druggists, Oswego, N. Y.

STEAM ENGINES. Farm and Plantation Use! \$200 We make six sizes, capacity from 3 to 50,000 ft. per day, with one saw, for one No. 1 Plantation Saw Mill. LANE BODLEY CO., John and Walter, Cincinnati, Ohio. Illustrated catalogue free.

WEEKS' SCALE WORKS. BUFFALO, N. Y. Sample for stamp. Lady or gent \$10 per day. Smith & Rainer, St. Ignace, Mich.

CANCER AND TUMORS. Treated scientifically. Best Cough Syrup. Throat and Lung. Book on treatment sent free. Drs. Gratiot & Norris, 304 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O.

LADY AGENTS. Can secure permanent and good selling employment. Address: JAY IRONSON, DETROIT, MICH.

EDUCATIONAL. COLLEGE PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS CHICAGO. For catalogue address D. K. STEELE, M.D., 101 State St.

COLEMAN BUSINESS COLLEGE, Newark, N. J. Terms \$4. Positions for graduates; write for circular.

Fast Potato Digging! The Monarch Lightning Potato Digger. Saves its cost yearly, FIVE TIMES OVER, to every farmer. Guaranteed to Dig Six Hundred Bushels a Day!

Write Postal Card for Free Illustrated Circulars. Mention this paper. Address: Monarch Manufacturing Co., 163 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED! DR. WM. HALL'S LUNG BALSAM. Cures Consumption, Colds, Pneumonia, Influenza, Bronchial Difficulties, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all Diseases of the Breathing Organs. It soothes and heals the membrane of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and prevents the night sweats and tightness across the chest which accompany it. CONSUMPTION is not an incurable malady. HALL'S BAL-SAM will cure you, even though professional aid fails.

GROCERS AND DEALERS. TEA AND COFFEE. Send for Wholesale Price List of our goods. Lowest possible prices. GREAT LONDON TEA CO., 801 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

ST. PATRICK'S SALE. USE IT. It relieves once Burns, Piles, Chapped Lips, Itch, Corns, Bunions, Scalds, Bruises, Sores, of feet, hands, eyes, etc.; itching from any cause. Size. Ask your druggist, or send to 25 Fulton Street, N. Y.

TEXAS. Send at once for Maps, Pamphlets, Land-owners, etc., describing the marvelous growth and resources of the Great South-west. Address: N. R. WALKER, 1317 W. 13th Street, Cincinnati, O.

CHICAGO SCALE CO. 270N WAGON SCALE, \$10. 3TON, \$50. 4TON, \$60. Beam Box Included. 240 LB. FARM SCALE, \$5. The "Little Detective," 4 oz. to 25 LB. \$3.50. Other sizes. Reduced Price \$2.50. BEST FORCE MAINS, \$10. 40 LB. AVALANCH KIT OF TOOLS, \$10. Farmers save time and money. Other Articles at Lowest Prices. Wholesale & Retail.

AGENTS. make money selling our Family Medicine. No capital required. STANDARD CURE CO., 197 Pearl St., NEW YORK.

\$40,000 IN PRESENTS GIVEN AWAY!

This Offer Good Till Thanksgiving Day Only. The proprietors of the *FARM, FIELD AND FIRESIDE*, being desirous of having their already well-known and popular Agricultural and Family paper more widely circulated and introduced into houses where it has not been, have determined to give away, as a portion of their capital for the special purpose of increasing their circulation to 100,000 copies. Its circulation is now only 25,000. Only 25,000 more needed before the distribution takes place. After deciding to more extensively advertise than ever before, the following plan has been adopted by us:

FOR 50 CENTS. We will enter your name on our subscription book and mail the *FARM, FIELD AND FIRESIDE* regularly to you for six months and immediately send a printed name-Receipt, which will entitle the holder to one of the following Presents to be given away as our THANKSGIVING FESTIVAL. Partial List of Presents to be Given Away.

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100 U. S. Greenbacks of 10c.....1000 00
100 U. S. Greenbacks of 5c.....1000 00
100 U. S. Greenbacks of 2c.....1000 00
100 U. S. Greenbacks of 1c.....1000 00
100 U. S. Greenbacks of 50c.....1000 00
100 U. S. Greenbacks of 25c.....1000 00
100 U. S. Greenbacks of 10c.....1000 00
100 U

THE BOURBON NEWS.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
BRUCE CHAMP, EDITOR.
BOURBON NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

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FOR PRESIDENT,
That uncrowned King of every Democratic heart,

SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
Mr. Tilden's companion in Victory and in Humiliation,

THOMAS A. HENDRICKS.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Richard Reid, of Mt. Sterling, is a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, to succeed Judge Hargis—subject to the action of the Democracy of the First Appellate District.

That Sheldon and Cecil business is a very complicated and Norvell affair.

During his administration Governor Blackburn pardoned over 800 criminals.

Gov. BLACKBURN distinguished the last day of his administration by pardoning eleven convicts.

FRANK JAMES is not out in the woods yet, but he's making rapid progress toward the open country.

Rabbits are so plentiful in Barren county that you can't throw a club in the grass without killing one.

The Owensville Outlook has seen a black snake 25 feet long. Poor Tom Young—we thought he'd get 'em.

The Commonwealth Distribution Company, a crooked lottery scheme at Louisville, has disbanded and gone under.

The best sentiment of Kentucky will sustain Governor Knott in his determination to grant no pardons except for good cause.

The names that are likely to go before the next Republican national convention are Arthur, Sherman, Edmunds and Blaine.

HORACE GREELY's turnip farm sold at public sale last Friday. It was knocked down at \$10,000, the first bid, to Miss Gabrielle his daughter.

JUDGE M. H. OWSELY, of Garrard county, will be the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Eighth district next year. —[Danville Tribune.]

MURDERERS, thieves, pickpockets, and lawbreakers generally, shouldn't forget that the gentleman from Duluth is now Chief Executive of Kentucky.

The United States Educational Convention will be held at Louisville, on the 19th instant and a large delegation from the different states is looked for.

EXPOSITIONS are now open in five cities—Cincinnati, Boston, Louisville, Milwaukee, and Pittsburg. It is needless to say that Cincinnati's great show leads all the rest.

A BURLINGTON editor used up a column under the caption "Summer drinks," and he of the Hawkeye wants to know what difference it makes to anybody if summer does.

WALLACE GRUELLE, of the Breckinridge News, says: "The man who stops his paper to economize ought to cut his nose off to save the expense of handkerchiefs."

HAY fever is less prevalent than usual. When it got so common people had it, then it quickly grew unfashionable. Colds in the head are about as frequent as usual.

MAHONE, Longstreet, and Chalmers held a conference in Washington last week to let the Republican party know what they are willing to do and the terms of their fealty.

WITH thirty-two Indiana Democratic papers opposing his Presidential aspirations, Mr. McDonald has a poor show for securing the support of his own State in the Convention next.

SUNDAY was "farewell sermon" day with all the Methodist preachers in the State. The different Conferences in session this week will give the weary flocks a new deal generally speaking.

COL. FRANK JAMES is missing a good thing in way of competing for premiums in gentlemen's riding rings at the county fairs this fall; but the chances are that that he will set up with the boys next fall.

ABOUT every third representative-elect to the Kentucky Legislature is a candidate for Speaker, and it is foolish to predict who will be elected U. S. Senator until after the Speaker of the House is elected.

THE Railroad Commissioners, Hon. D. Howard Smith, Hon. W. B. Machen and Judge W. M. Buckner, have issued a circular to several railroad companies in Kentucky, notifying that their representatives would be heard to-day upon any matter connected with the annual assessments of their respective roads.

What Governor Knott Is.

"Governor Knott is a man made of a different metal. Those who take him for a humorist, who will make a joke of magistracy, know nothing of him. There is a good deal of cynicism in his wit; and, in his character, both moral and mental, he is exacting and exact to the verge of austerity. It would be hard to find a more inaccessible person. Cold, direct and able, one of the best trained public men, ambitious only for the rewards of useful and honorable service, very clean and very close, perfectly sincere, positive, but unaggressive, a little lazy, but entirely trust-worthy, a little narrow, but admirably learned, Proctor Knott possesses the elements of a really great Governor. He cannot be driven, nor easily led; and yet, in his private life and to his familiars, a gentler and more complying disposition, or a brighter and more genial disposition, one could not wish to meet. He is emphatically a man who separates his domestic from his public life. In one he has the simplicity of a child. In the other he is the stern idealist, to whom official duty is personal integrity." —[Courier-Journal.]

"I trust it will not be considered improper for me to declare distinctly and irrevocably, that in no case will I grant a pardon, or remit the penal consequences of a conviction of a criminal offense, unless I shall be fully satisfied upon a thorough and impartial examination of all the circumstances that it would be unjust to the convict or in some manner detrimental to the public interests to carry into execution the penalty of the law. Upon no other principle in my judgment could I possibly exercise that high prerogative consistently with my obligation to see that the laws are faithfully executed, or with the inflexible demands of justice, which is the prime object of all good government to fulfill." —[Gov. Knott.]

DEACON WILSON, of Evansville, Mo., was so greatly annoyed by a stranger who flirted with his daughter in church that while praying he raised his voice to its highest pitch and said: "An' now, O Lord, hev mercy on the dum idiot with the store clothes on as is winking at our Alice, and keep him hanging around the church door when service is over till I can get to him an' put on a head him! Amen."

HENRY WATERSON welcomed President Arthur to Louisville thus: "We turn over to you our houses and horses, and there is the jug, and the sugar, and the ice, and the mint. We even surrender to you the hip-pocket play-things with which we sometimes amuse ourselves, and if you can't make yourself at home and pass the time pleasantly, may the Lord have mercy on your soul."

LIGHTNING struck a contribution box as it was being passed around in a Breathitt county church recently and scattered the fragments in all directions. All the five and ten dollar bills must have been consumed by the electric fluid for all that was found in the shape of money was a plugged quarter with one side engraved for a sleeve button.

EX-GOV. HENDRICKS has returned to Indiana from Saratoga. The waters materially benefited the necrosis of the dorsal artery, which caused the recent serious exfoliation of the upper surface of the metatarsal bone of his third toe, and his chances for a place on the old ticket are very fine.

COL. FRANK JAMES having been acquitted of the charge of robbery at Carthage, and heartily received the applausits of his friends, will now have stand a trial for murder of conductor Westfall. But it will be hard to down the Colonel with a jury of his friends, on any charge.

GOVERNOR BLACKBURN is going to institute at Louisville a sanitarium for the cure of inebriates and those addicted to the use of opiates. That's a good idea. He'll be the very kind of a person to take charge of it. Kentucky can send him a full school to open up business.

THE Robbins-Blackburn trouble has ended. Indeed there wasn't any trouble to speak of. Col. Stoddard Johnson acted as mediator. Mr. Robbins withdraws his offensive remarks and Blackburn withdraws his card. So all is quiet again.

AMERICA beats the world on cyclones and atmospheric disturbances in general, and we can boast of a very respectable earthquake occasionally; but in the way of volcanoes we have none worthy of mention.

OLD FANCY, the war horse rode by Stonewall Jackson, is tenderly cared for at the Virginia Military Institute at Lexington. He is a handsome sorrel of good form, but his joints are stiff. He is thirty years old.

JOHN KELLY pleads for peace, and expresses the hope that Tammany delegation will not be excluded from the Buffalo Convention. The State Committee sat down on Kelly, and the Convention may do the same thing.

PREMATURE frost in the Northwest spoils the corn calculations of the Agricultural Bureau. But there will be enough for the pigs and a few ears to spare. This is a big country.

MILLERSBURG.

"School butter, chicken-flutter." Everything dry, dusty and peculiar. Hazing the school greeners will now be in order. Several parties from here attended the Paris hops.

The new iron fence is still the only exciting theme in town. It is getting about time for our club to give an opening hop.

All of the schools are now in running order, with a fair opening.

Al. Trigg went to the fair Saturday to make it rain, and behold, he did so!

A house on fire was seen from here last night in the direction of Paris, though a little to the North.

Seventeen young ladies from Pine Bluff, Ark., will attend the Female College here this session.

Postmaster R. B. Boulden is authorized to receive money on all old and new subscriptions to the News and remit same to the editor.

The finder of a white and fawn colored 2-year-old Jersey heifer will be liberally thanked, by returning same to A. McClintock.

A juvenile gang of home dudes made fools of themselves here Sunday, by marching around with plug hats and eyeglasses on. A sight of them was enough to puke a billy goat.

Red hair is again triumphant in the fashion list, and hereafter the Queen of May will be a blonde with tresses tinged with flame. All shade between scarlet and sunset are in order.

A Mr. Bishop from Arizona, arrived here Saturday night, and on Sunday morning he and Miss Hattie Letton skipped out for Cincinnati, to get married Monday. Miss Letton's mother who was opposed to the match, was absent.

The Carrie Stanley Combination is giving a series of plays here. They played to a good crowd Saturday, and will no doubt draw well to-night and to-morrow night. Our town is ripe for a show, and Carrie suits us very well—if Paris did have too many good things and not money enough to take 'em all in.

Eld. T. M. Myers will leave for Bloomington, Ind., on Saturday to begin a protracted meeting at that place. He will be gone ten days. Eld. Myers is doing good work in Indiana, and our citizens generally are proud to have such a gentleman settle among us. He is a gentleman of rare abilities as a minister, and very successful in the good work he is now carrying on here. —[Jeffersonville (Ind.) Times.]

Valuable Small Farm

— AT —
PUBLIC SALE.

HAVING moved to Texas two years ago and have determined to close out all of my interests in this State, I will sell at public sale, on

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 26th, '83,
my farm of

80 ACRES OF LAND,

near Centerville, Bourbon county. The land is in a high state of cultivation, two-thirds of it being tilled, and is as finely adapted for tobacco as land in the county—some of it being malden sod land. The farm is well-watered, has a comfortable residence, a fine barn and other necessary improvements. There is also a good orchard and many other desirable features for a small farm. It lies immediately on the Hill pike, running from the Georgetown to the Leesburg pike. Sale positive, and terms given on day of sale.

For further particulars, address,
J. T. HILL, Centerville, Ky.

PUBLIC SALE

— OF —
LAND, STOCK & CROP.

As Administrator of Mrs. Martha A. Penn, we will sell on

THURSDAY, SEPT. 27th, 1883,

the farm consisting of 130 acres, situated on Millersburg and Cane Ridge pike, 2½ miles from Millersburg and 6 miles from Paris, adjoining lands of I. B. Sandusky, Jos. McClintock and Robt. Farr. Said farm in a state of cultivation. 30 acres just cleared, 20 acres in wheat and balance in bluegrass and clover. Farm has new cottage of six rooms, all outbuildings new, consisting of two barns, good chicken, etc. Also young orchard of 150 selected fruit trees. The stock, crop, etc., consists of 2 No. 1 milch cows and calves, 1 mule colt, two yearling steers, 1 stallion—Standard Bearer—4 broke mare mules, 1 bay mare, 2 No. 1 family and saddle and harness horses, 1 No. 1 saddle horse, Montrose, 2 good buggies and harness, 1 yoke oxen, 7 fat hogs, 30 Cotswold ewes, 6 yearling heifers, 300 or 400 buff orpingtons, 100 bushels wheat, 30 acres corn, reaper and mower combined; 1 rick of hay, 1 2-horse wagon, farming implements, etc. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, Terms reasonable, and made known day of sale. JOHN TARR, J. W. HUTSELL, Administrators.

—TIMOTHY SEED!—

Home-raised Timothy, free of all foreign seed, at O. A. GILMAN'S.

FARM FOR SALE

PRIVATELY.

AS AGENT FOR THE WILMOT heirs, I will offer for sale privately, the farm of 165 acres, situated near Hutchison Station, half way between Paris and Lexington, on the K. C. Railroad, with the branch of the Bethel and Hope-well Turnpike running in front of the door. About 60 acres are under cultivation, and balance in grass. Good brick residence in good repair. Good water, orchard, ice-house, barns and all necessary outbuildings. This farm is a very valuable farm—perhaps as good land as there is in the county or bluegrass region, and is a rare chance for purchasers desiring a small farm. Call on or address me at Paris, Ky. J. SMITH KENNEY, Agr.

MAYSVILLE FAIR.

For its Third Annual Exhibition, Offers the most liberal premiums in all Departments, and has the most attractive Programme ever presented.

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
September 18 to 22, '83.

A Magnificent Amphitheater!

Splendid Stables for Stock!

Trotting and Running Races!

Bicycle and Foot Races!

Slowest Mule and Sack Races!

\$25 each for the best samples of Wheat and Tobacco!

\$200 for the Handsomest Baby!

Magnificent Amphitheater, Splendid Stables for Stock, Plenty of Pure, Fresh Water, and the

— BEST MILE TRACK IN THE UNITED STATES. —

J. D. KEOHE, JOHN W. WATSON, Secretary, President.

PUBLIC SALE

— OF —
LAND, STOCK & CROP.

On Thursday, September 13th,

I WILL sell at public sale, on the premises near Shawhan's station, Bourbon county, all of my real estate and personal property, as follows:

470 ACRES OF LAND,

which can be divided into tracts as follows: 380 acres lying together, can be sold into two tracts: 200 acres in one tract; 180 acres containing a GIST MILL, DISTILLERY and comfortable dwelling; 54 acres with no improvements, and 44 acres lying in the edge of Harrison county on a pike from the Paris to Lairs Station, with moderate improvements. There is a good turnpike running through the main body of the lands from Shawhan's Station to the Mt. Carmel pike where it intersects the Paris & Cincinnati pike. The body of land lies well and highly productive, well watered, and well sustained the wide-spread reputation of old Bourbon from the agricultural as well as the alcoholic standpoint. The personal property sold on same day, consists in part of

—NINE HEAD OF MULES,—

A lot of brood mares and colts, cows, calves and yearling cattle, 60 sheep and 40 hogs; also my FARMING IMPLEMENTS, consisting of a self-binding reaper, three wagons and gear, horse-cart; plows, farm tools, crops, &c., &c.

Terms made known on day of sale. Sale will commence at 10 a. m., sharp.

GEOR. PUGH, Shawhan, Ky.

A. T. FORSYTH, Auctioneer.

P. S.—I will also sell at public sale at the same time, 300 barrels of whiskey of the crop of '81, '82 and '83.

PARIS PLANING MILLS.

GEO. B. MINTER, — MANAGER.

SOLICIT orders for Doors, Sash, Blinds, Moulding, Brackets, Finish Timber and Prepared carpentry. Will not contract the erection of houses.

Orders for lumber or mill-work may be sent per telephone from Overby & Co.'s office on Bank Row. J. M. THOMAS, Proprietor.

POOR-HOUSE KEEPER WANTED!

NOTICE is hereby given that bids will be received by the undersigned Committee up till the 15th day of October, 1883, for keeper of the Bourbon County Poor-House for the year beginning March 1, 1884 and ending March 1, 1885. All bids will be sent to the committee in care of Judge Turney, at Paris, Ky., and must be accompanied by satisfactory reference as to character and fitness.

JAMES N. STONE, } Com.
N. A. JAMESON, }

HOTEL FOR SALE.

HAVING DETERMINED TO MIGRATE to Texas, I will offer at private sale, the **BOURBON HOUSE**, the principal hotel property of Paris. The house is large, roomy and located in the old and business portion of the city, and has a fine paying trade. Will sell the house and fixtures at a bargain. For full particulars, call on address HENRY TURNEY, Proprietor.

PUBLIC SALE!

ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12th, 1883,

I will sell at public sale, on the premises at Ruddles Mills, the following property:

One lot of 10½ acres of land, adjoining the Methodist church, containing a one-story residence with three rooms—good well of water. Will sell it as a tract or will divide to suit the purchasers.

At the same time, one double house with six rooms, on a lot of about an acre—the property now being occupied by Nelson Stephens and Ambrose McCarty.

TERMS.—One-half of the purchase money down, and the balance in twelve months with 6 per cent interest. A lien will be held on the property for purchase money.

E. C. FOSTER, 1731-1d.

POLK FORSYTH, Auctioneer.

Paris Omnibus Line.

Two first-class busses will connect with all passenger trains at the Paris depot. Fare, 25 cents to the hotels or any part of the city or suburbs. Trunks, 15 cents extra. No charge for valises.

L. F. MANN, Prop'r.

J. L. TAYLOR & CO.,

THE CLOTHIERS.

LARGEST STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES!

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED!

Hats, Furnishing Goods and Trunks a Specialty.

NO TIME TO LOSE!

I HAVE NO TIME TO LOSE IN WAITING on my customers to write an advertisement for this sparkling little paper, but will hurriedly say that I have just returned from New York, and that

NEW GOODS

are tumbling in on me from EVERY TRAIN. All that I can say now, is to COME—yes, come NOW and lose no time yourself in securing pick and choice from my large and varied selection of DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

A. NEWHOFF,
PARIS, KY.

AT COST!

We intend to close out our entire stock of **BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS**

Within ninety days. If you desire the greatest bargain of your life, call and examine our goods and prices. WE MEAN BUSINESS. COME AND SEE US.

McCLURE & INGELS.

MILLIGAN & PERRY
WILL TELL YOU SOMETHING
HERE NEXT WEEK!
LOOK OUT!!

WILLS' WORLD WORM CANDY,

The most delightful worm remedy on the market. Old reliable medicine put in nicely flavored sticks of candy, that children take with pleasure. Sold by all drug and country stores. Ask for it and give it a trial. Warranted pure.

JAMES K. DAVIS. GARRETT DAVIS

DAVIS & DAVIS,
MERCHANT TAILORS.

(OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE.)

Are now daily receiving importations of a very elegant line of Fall Cassimeres, Dude Cloths, Cheviots, &c., all of which are of the newest and nobbiest styles.

Having never made a misfit in all of our past Spring and Summer trade, we need not fear guaranteeing entire satisfaction on that score. Call and see us; we'll not only suit exactly in an outfit, but we'll save you money.